# How to use AQX endmill

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# 1. Features

- ①The AQX is designed with a center cutting edge, therefore it is possible to conduct drilling, without the need of a prepared hole, through to end milling with only the need for one tool.
- ②Tool management is made easier by only employing one insert geometry. Additionally by rotating the inserts it is possible to use the inserts twice.
- (3) The cutting edge diameter has been designed so that it is 1mm larger than the shank diameter, making it possible to machine vertical faces without interfering with the work piece.
- (4) The body of the tool is made from a special alloy steel that has high heat resistant properties. A special surface treatment is used to increase wear and corrosion resistance.
- (5)Coolant holes are designed into the body of the tool to improve cooling and chip disposal properties.

## 2. How to locate the insert

- Prior to locating the insert , ensure that the insert seat is clean. Use high pressure air or a brush to clean.
- (2)When locating the insert , hold it down firmly while tightening the clamp screw with the provided wrench.
- (3)To prevent the screw from seizing, use an anti-seize cream. Additionally ensure that the clamping forces are not exceeded. (Refer to Table 1.)
- When changing the inserts do so as shown in (Fig.1 and Fig.2). By changing the inserts in this manner the inserts can be used twice. If corner change is not carried out as shown then it will result in machining using a spent cutting edge.
- ⑤Please note that the insert sizes vary with the diameter of the endmill. Table 1 shows the suitable inserts, screws and wrenches.

## 4. Notes of the depth of cut

- ①A3 is the depth of cut for the dual blade point at the end of the cutting edge.
- ②Beyond the range of A3 where the cutting edge becomes single bladed, not forming full dual blade configuration. As such, please pay special attention to the relationship between depth of cut and feed.
- ③In general, the edge at the border of cut tends to suffer from damages. For large depth of cut operations, applying the following depth of cut (t), at which the edge is full dual bladed at the border of cut, is recommended to prevent damage to the cutting edge.



## 5. Notes of the drilling

①The recommended drilling depth is less than 0.5D1.

Order Number A3 (mm)

4.5

60

7.5

9.5

AQXR164%

AQXR174 AQXR204 AQXR214

AQXR254 💥

AQXR264💥

AQXR324 🔆

AQXR334%

AQXR354%

AQXR404% AQXR504% t (mm)

12 - 14

14-17

17-22

22-28

25-32

28-35 35-45 ap (mm)

17.6

22.0

27.5

35.2

40.0

- ②Use step feed when drilling to ensure that the chips are effectively broken.
- ③Use internal or external air or coolant to ensure that the chips disposal is
   sufficiently achieved.
- The chips generated can dispel in any direction, so ensure that adequate safety precautions are taken.

#### 6. Notes of the ramping

①When machining steel the recommended ramping angle is less than 3deg.

(2)When conducting ramping it is recommended to reduce the feed rate by 40%.



Order Number	Dia. D1(mm)	Insert	Screw	Torque	Wrench	
AQXR16💥	16	Q0OT0830R-OO	TS2A	0.5 Nm	TKY06F	
AQXR17💥	17	QUU10830R-UU	152A	0.5 Nm	INTUOP	
AQXR20 💥	20	Q0OT1035R-OO	TS25	1.0 Nm	TKY08F	
AQXR21 💥	21	Q00110331( 00	1325	1.0 Mill	11(1001	
AQXR25 💥	25	Q0OT1342R-OO	TS33	1.5 Nm	TKY08D	
AQXR26 💥	26	Q00113421000	1333	1.5 Mill	TIKTOOD	
AQXR32 💥	32	Q0OT1651R-OO				
AQXR33X	33		TS407	3.5 Nm	TKY15D	
AQXR35X	35	Q0OT1856R-OO				
AQXR40 💥	40	Q0OT2062R-OO	TS55	7.5 Nm	TKY25D	
AQXR50 💥	50	Q0OT2576R-OO	TS6S	20.0 Nm	TKY30T	





Fig.1 Side way

Fig.2 Cross way

#### 3. How to attach the tool

Before attaching to a milling holder , ensure that all locating faces have been cleaned and are free of any obstructions.



②To improve the drilling performance, the height of the inserts varies. The centre cutting edge insert shown has a lower corner height. Therefore when setting the cutting edge height for machining set using the corner shown to the left.

Reference point of height measurement

## 7. Recommended cutting conditions

Cutting conditions for shoulder milling

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Workpiece Hardness	Grade	Cutting Speed (m/min)	Φ 16,17		φ 20,21			Φ 25,26		φ 32,33		3	φ 35			φ 40			φ 50					
			Depth of cut (mm)	Width of cut (mm)	Feed (mm/rev)																			
Mild Steel <180HB	VP15TF	180 (150-220)	~4.5	~8	0.25	~6	~10	0.30	~7.5	~12.5	0.35	~9.5	~16	0.40	~11	~17.5	0.45	~12	~20	0.50	~15	~26	0.60	
			4.5~12	~5	0.16	6~14	~7	0.25	7.5~17	~8	0.28	9.5~22	~11	0.32	11~25	~12	0.35	12~28	~13	0.40	15~35	~16	0.50	
			12~17	~3	0.10	14~22	~4	0.18	17~27	~5	0.20	22~35	~6	0.25	25~40	~6.5	0.28	28~44	~7	0.30	35~55	~10	0.35	
Carbon Steel Alloy Steel	VP15TF	160 (120-200)	~4.5	~8	0.20	~6	~10	0.25	~7.5	~12.5	0.30	~9.5	~16	0.35	~11	~17.5	0.37	~12	~20	0.40	~15	~25	0.50	
			4.5~12	~4	0.14	6~14	~6	0.20	7.5~17	~7	0.25	9.5~22	~10	0.28	11~25	~11	0.30	12~28	~12	0.32	15~35	~14	0.40	
			12~17	~2	0.08	14~22	~3	0.16	17~27	~4	0.18	22~35	~5	0.20	25~40	~5.5	0.22	28~44	~6	0.25	35~55	~8	0.30	
				~4.5	~5	0.16	~6	~6	0.20	~7.5	~7	0.22	~9.5	~8	0.25	~11	~9	0.28	~12	~10	0.30	~15	~14	0.35
Hardened Steel 40-55HRC	VP15TF	80 (50-120)	4.5~12	~3	0.10	6~14	~4	0.16	7.5~17	~4	0.18	9.5~22	~5	0.20	11~25	~5.5	0.22	12~28	~6	0.24	15~35	~8	0.30	
				12~17	~1	0.06	14~22	~2	0.12	17~27	~2	0.14	22~35	~2	0.16	25~40	~2	0.17	28~44	~2	0.18	35~55	~4	0.22
a		VP15TF	F (120-180)	~4.5	~8	0.20	~6	~10	0.25	~7.5	~12.5	0.30	~9.5	~16	0.35	~11	~17.5	0.37	~12	~20	0.40	~15	~25	0.50
Stainless Steel	<270HB			4.5~12	~4	0.14	6~14	~6	0.20	7.5~17	~7	0.25	9.5~22	~10	0.28	11~25	~12	0.30	12~28	~12	0.32	15~35	~14	0.40
				12~17	~2	0.08	14~22	~3	0.16	17~27	~4	0.18	22~35	~5	0.20	25~40	~6.5	0.22	28~44	~6	0.25	35~55	~8	0.30
	<450	VP15TF	F 180 (150-220)	~4.5	~8	0.25	~6	~10	0.30	~7.5	~12.5	0.35	~9.5	~16	0.40	~11	~17.5	0.45	~12	~20	0.50	~15	~25	0.60
Cast Iron	<450 N/mm2			4.5~12	~5	0.16	6~14	~7	0.25	7.5~17	~8	0.28	9.5~22	~11	0.32	11~25	~12	0.35	12~28	~13	0.40	15~35	~16	0.50
				12~17	~3	0.10	14~22	~4	0.18	17~27	~5	0.20	22~35	~6	0.25	25~40	~6.5	0.28	28~44	~7	0.30	35~55	~8	0.35
Alminum		HTi10		~4.5	~11	0.30	~6	~14	0.35	~7.5	~17.5	0.40	~9.5	~23	0.45	~11	~24.5	0.50	~12	~28	0.55	~15	~35	0.65
Alloy	-	(G1)		4.5~12	~8	0.21	6~14	~10	0.30	7.5~17	~12.5	0.33	9.5~22	~16	0.37	11~25	~17.5	0.40	12~28	~20	0.45	15~35	~25	0.55
	· ·		12~17	~5	0.15	14~22	~6	0.23	17~27	~7.5	0.25	22~35	~10	0.30	25~40	~10.5	0.32	28~44	~12	0.35	35~55	~15	0.40	

#### Cutting conditions for slotting

Workpiece Hardness	Grade	Cutting Speed (m/min)	φ 16,17		φ 20,21		φ 25,26		φ 32,33		φ 35		Φ 40		φ 50			
			Depth of cut (mm)	Feed (mm/rev)	Depth of cut (mm)	Feed (mm/re												
Mild Steel <180HB	VP15TF	180 (150-220)	~4.5	0.16	~6	0.18	~7.5	0.20	~9.5	0.25	~11	0.27	~12	0.30	~15	0.35		
			4.5~12	0.10	6~14	0.14	7.5~17	0.16	9.5~22	0.20	11~25	0.22	12~28	0.25	15~35	0.30		
			12~17	0.07	14~22	0.10	17~27	0.12	22~35	0.14	25~40	0.16	28~44	0.18	35~55	0.22		
Carbon Steel				~4.5	0.14	~6	0.16	~7.5	0.18	~9.5	0.20	~11	0.22	~12	0.25	~15	0.30	
Alloy Steel 180-350HB	VP15TF	160 (120-200)	4.5~12	0.09	6~14	0.12	7.5~17	0.14	9.5~22	0.16	11~25	0.18	12~28	0.20	15~35	0.25		
,	,			12~17	0.05	14~22	0.10	17~27	0.10	22~35	0.12	25~40	0.13	28~44	0.14	35~55	0.16	
Hardened 40-55HRC	VP15TF	80	~4.5	0.10	~6	0.12	~7.5	0.14	~9.5	0.16	~11	0.17	~12	0.18	~15	0.2		
Steel	Steel		(50-120)	4.5~12	0.07	6~14	0.10	7.5~17	0.12	9.5~22	0.12	11~25	0.13	12~28	0.14	15~35	0.16	
		VP15TF	150 (120-180)	~4.5	0.14	~6	0.16	~7.5	0.18	~9.5	0.20	~11	0.22	~12	0.25	~15	0.3	
Stainless Steel	<270HB			4.5~12	0.09	6~14	0.12	7.5~17	0.14	9.5~22	0.16	11~25	0.18	12~28	0.20	15~35	0.2	
	0.00			12~17	0.05	14~22	0.10	17~27	0.10	22~35	0.12	25~40	0.13	28~44	0.14	35~55	0.16	
		VP15TF		~4.5	0.16	~6	0.18	~7.5	0.20	~9.5	0.25	~11	0.27	~12	0.30	~15	0.35	
Cast Iron	<450 N/mm2		180 (150-220)	4.5~12	0.10	6~14	0.14	7.5~17	0.16	9.5~22	0.20	11~25	0.22	12~28	0.25	15~35	0.3	
			12~17	0.07	14~22	0.10	17~27	0.12	22~35	0.14	25~40	0.16	28~44	0.18	35~55	0.2		
		HTi10 (G1)		~4.5	0.18	~6	0.20	~7.5	0.22	~9.5	0.27	~11	0.30	~12	0.32	~15	0.3	
Alminum Allov	-			500 (200-800)	4.5~12	0.12	6~14	0.16	7.5~17	0.18	9.5~22	0.22	11~25	0.25	12~28	0.27	15~35	0.3
74103	(01)		(211 000)	12~17	0.09	14~22	0.12	17~27	0.14	22~35	0.16	25~40	0.18	28~44	0.20	35~55	0.2	

①Figures shown above are general cutting conditions.Please reduce the conditions considering your machine
 ②Please pay special attention to the depth of cut when using the short edge type.
 ③When using the G1 breaker (VP15TF) please reduce the feed rate by 20%.

@Viner using the GF breaker (VF1517) prease reduce the reduce the reduced take by 20 %.
@If more information is required, please look [MITSUBISHI TOOLS NEWS B021]



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